### **Foundation Stage EXPECTED STANDARDS**

## By the end of the Reception Year most pupils should be able to:

PERFORM (Singing / Playing) Active learning	EXPLORE and COMPOSE  Playing and exploring	LISTEN, REFLECT and APPRAISE  Creating and thinking critically
<ul> <li>Using their voices:         <ul> <li>Speak and chant short phases together</li> <li>Find their singing voice and begin to develop an awareness of pitch over a small range of notes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Make changes in their voices to express different moods /feelings</li> <li>Co-ordinate actions to go with a song</li> <li>Sing short phrases or responses on their own</li> <li>Sing a variety of songs both accompanied and unaccompanied.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Exploring:         <ul> <li>Different sounds made by the voice, hands, found objects and conventional instruments (timbre)</li> <li>High and low sounds (pitch)</li> <li>Long and short sounds (duration)</li> <li>Loud and quiet sounds (dynamics)</li> <li>Fast and slow sounds (tempo)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Begin to be aware of the effect that different sounds have to convey mood or meaning</li> </ul>	Listening:  Listen to sounds and respond by talking about them or physically with movement and dance  Recognise the sounds of the percussion instruments used in the classroom and identify and name them  Respond appropriately to a range of classroom songs, e.g tidy up songs, circle time songs, line up songs.  Appraising:  Begin to identify and describe key features or extreme
<ul> <li>Using Classroom Instruments:         <ul> <li>Play instruments by shaking, scraping, rattling, tapping etc</li> <li>Start and stop together</li> </ul> </li> <li>Begin to develop a sense of beat, using instruments or body sounds</li> <li>Respond to symbols or hand signs</li> <li>Play loudly, quietly, fast, slow</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to create and manipulate different effects on a sound source or instrument</li> <li>Add chosen sound effects at an appropriate moment in a story or song</li> <li>Sort and name different sounds</li> <li>Create a sequence of different sounds in response to a given stimuli</li> </ul>	Begin to identify and describe key features of extreme contrasts within a piece of music     Begin to use musical terms (louder/quieter, faster/slower, higher/lower)  MUSICAL ELEMENTS  DURATION Steady beat, short and long sounds
<ul> <li>Copy a simple rhythm pattern or number of beats played on an instrument.</li> <li>Play along to music showing a developing awareness of the beat</li> <li>Play with a sense of purpose and enjoyment.</li> </ul>	KEY WORDS  FOUND OBJECTS Pots and pans, material, paper or anything that can be manipulated to create sound  SINGING VOICE The musical quality of the voice, unlike the speaking voice uses tonality or pitch and rhythm	PITCH High and low TEMPO Fast and slow DYNAMICS Loud and quiet TIMBRE The tone quality of the sound – rough, smooth, scratch, etc STRUCTURE Phrases of a song, overall plan of a piece

STEADY BEAT Regular pulse (in time)

#### **YEAR 1: EXPECTED STANDARDS IN MUSIC**

## By the end of Year 1 most pupils should be able to:

PERFORM (Singing / Playing)	EXPLORE and COMPOSE	LISTEN, REFLECT and APPRAISE
<ul> <li>Using their voices:         <ul> <li>Speak and chant together</li> <li>Sing songs showing increasing vocal control (singing more in tune, breathing deeply, singing words clearly)</li> <li>Sing songs in different styles conveying different moods (happy, sad, angry etc) and with sense of enjoyment</li> <li>Co-ordinate actions to go with a song</li> <li>Sing in time to a steady beat</li> <li>Perform an action or a sound (clapping, stamping, etc) on the steady beat whilst singing</li> </ul> </li> <li>Using Classroom Instruments:         <ul> <li>Play instruments by shaking, scraping, rattling, tapping etc</li> <li>Play in time to a steady beat, using instruments or body sounds</li> <li>Play loudly, quietly, fast, slow</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Exploring:         <ul> <li>Different sounds made by the voice and hands (timbre)</li> <li>High and low sounds (pitch)</li> <li>Long and short sounds (duration)</li> <li>Loud and quiet sounds (dynamics)</li> <li>Fast and slow sounds (tempo)</li> <li>Pitch shapes (moving up and down) and rhythmic patterns</li> </ul> </li> <li>Composing:         <ul> <li>Add sound effects to a story</li> <li>Choose musical sound effects to follow a story line or match a picture</li> <li>Use graphics/symbols to portray the sounds they have made made</li> <li>Sequence these symbols to make a simple structure (score)</li> <li>Compose own sequence of sounds without help and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Listening:  Listen to a piece of music and move in time to its steady beat.  Recognise and respond through movement /dance to the different musical characteristics and moods of music  Recognise the sounds of the percussion instruments used in the classroom and identify and name them  Appraising:  Begin to use musical terms (louder/quieter, faster/slower, higher/lower)  Begin to articulate how changes in speed, pitch and dynamics effect the mood
<ul> <li>Imitate a rhythm pattern on an instrument</li> <li>Play a repeated rhythmic pattern (rhythmic ostinato) to accompany a song</li> <li>Play a single pitched note to accompany a song (drone)</li> <li>Play with help the rhythmic pattern of a spoken sentence, e.g. 'Hungry caterpillar'</li> <li>Follow simple hand signals indicating: loud/quiet and start/stop</li> </ul>	WEY WORDS  OSTINATO Repeated rhythmic pattern or melodic shape  DRONE Pitched note played continuously throughout a piece of music  STEADY BEAT Regular pulse (in time)  SCORE A written form of musical composition	DURATION Steady beat, short and long sounds  PITCH High and low  TEMPO Fast and slow  DYNAMICS Loud and quiet  TIMBRE The tone quality of the sound – rough, smooth, scratch, etc  STRUCTURE Phrases of a song, overall plan of a piece

### **YEAR 2: EXPECTED STANDARDS IN MUSIC**

### By the end of Year 2 most pupils should be able to:

PERFORM (Singing/Playing)	EXPLORE and COMPOSE	LISTEN, REFLECT and APPRAISE
Using their voices:  Sing a variety of songs with more accuracy of pitch Sing words clearly and breathing at the end of phrases Convey the mood or meaning of the song Sing with a sense of control of dynamics(volume) and tempo (speed) Echo sing a short melodic phrases Identify if the pitch is getting higher or lower, or is staying the same and copy with their voices Follow a leader (teacher)starting and stopping together  Using Instruments: Play with control: a) maintaining steady beat b) getting faster or slower c) getting louder or quieter Perform a repeated two note melodic ostinato to accompany a song	<ul> <li>Ways in which sounds are made (tapped, blown, scraped, shaken), and can be changed</li> <li>Long and short sounds (rhythm – duration)</li> <li>The rhythm patterns of words and sentences</li> <li>Changes in pitch (higher and lower)</li> <li>Sequences of sound (structure)</li> <li>Sounds in response to a stimulus (visual or aural)</li> <li>How sounds can be manipulated to convey different effects and moods</li> <li>Compose:         <ul> <li>Short melodic phrases</li> <li>Short repeated rhythmic patterns (ostinati)</li> <li>Rhythm patterns from words</li> <li>A piece of music that has a beginning, middle and end (structure)</li> <li>Music that has long and short sounds, and/or change in tempo, timbre and dynamics, in small groups</li> <li>Music that conveys different moods</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listening and appraising</li> <li>Listen with increased concentration</li> <li>Recognise the sounds of the percussion instruments used, their names, how they are played and which ones can make high and low sounds</li> <li>Recognise how sounds are made – tapping, rattling, scraping, blowing etc</li> <li>Identify different qualities of sound such as smooth scratchy, clicking, ringing (timbre)</li> <li>Recognise and respond to different changes of speed (tempo)/volume (dynamics) and pitch</li> <li>Respond through movement/dance to different musical characteristics and moods (angrily, sadly, cheerfully, daintily etc)</li> <li>Recognise and respond to the mood of a piece of music. Begin to use music terminology when describing how the mood is created (i.e. the mood is sad because the music is played very slowly and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Perform a rhythm accompaniment to a song</li> <li>Perform a sequence of sounds using a graphic score</li> <li>Work and perform in smaller groups</li> <li>Follow a leader (teacher)starting and stopping together</li> <li>Demonstrate some confidence in performing as a group and as an individual</li> </ul>	PHRASE Short section of a melody SEQUENCE One after another OSTINATO Short repeated rhythmic pattern or melodic shapes  DRONE Continuous or repeated pitch or pitches GRAPHIC SCORE Notation using pictures or symbols  STEADY BEAT Regular pulse RHYTHM PATTERN A group of long and short sounds	MUSICAL ELEMENTS  PITCH High, low, getting higher, getting lower  DYNAMICS Loud, quiet, getting louder or quieter  TEMPO Fast, slow, getting faster or slower  STRUCTURE Phrases of a song, overall plan of a piece of music  TIMBRE The tone quality of the sound i.e. smooth scratchy, heavy, light, cold, warm, dull, bright.  DURATION Long and short sounds, beat, rhythm

### **YEAR 3: EXPECTED STANDARDS IN MUSIC**

# By the end of year 3 most pupils should be able to:

PERFORM (Singing /Playing)	EXPLORE and COMPOSE	LISTEN, REFLECT and APPRAISE
<ul> <li>Using their voices:         <ul> <li>Sing songs in a variety of styles with confidence, singing an increasing number from memory</li> <li>Show increasing accuracy of pitch and awareness of the shape of a melody.</li> <li>Imitate increasingly longer phrases with accuracy</li> <li>With an awareness of the phrases in a song</li> <li>Understand that posture, breathing and diction are important.</li> <li>Demonstrate an awareness of character or style in performance.</li> <li>Chant or sing a round in two parts</li> <li>Sing songs with a recognised structure (verse and chorus/ call and response)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Using instruments:         <ul> <li>Keep a steady beat on an instrument in a group or individually</li> <li>Maintain a rhythmic or melodic ostinato</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Longer – shorter / faster - slower / higher - lower / louder - quieter sounds on tuned and untuned percussion and voices.</li> <li>Pitch notes moving by step (notes adjacent to each other) and by leap (notes with gaps between them)</li> <li>Symbols to represent sound (graphic scores / traditional notation)</li> <li>The sounds of different instruments - TIMBRE and how they can represent pictures/ stories/ moods</li> <li>The different sounds (timbres) that one instrument can make</li> <li>How the musical elements can be combined to compose descriptive music</li> <li>Compose:         <ul> <li>Words and actions to go with songs</li> <li>A simple rhythmic accompaniment to go with a song, using ostinato patterns</li> <li>Music that has a recognisable structure; Beginning, Middle and End or verse/chorus</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Listening, reflecting and appraising:  Listen with concentration to longer pieces / extracts of music  Listen to live/recorded extracts of different kinds of music and identify where appropriate  a steady beat / no steady beat  a specific rhythm pattern or event  the speed (TEMPO) of the music  the volume (DYNAMICS)  the melody using appropriate musical terms/language  Identify common characteristics  Recognise some familiar instrumental sounds in recorded music (piano, violin, guitar drums etc)  Identify repetition in music ie a song with a chorus  Recognise aurally wooden, metal, skin percussion instruments and begin to know their names  Listen to their own compositions and use musical language to describe what happens in them
simultaneously with a different ostinato and/or steady beat  Use tuned percussion with increasing confidence Copy a short melodic phrase by ear on a pitched instrument Play using symbols including graphic and / or simple traditional notation Follow simple hand directions from a leader Perform with an awareness of others Combine musical sounds with narrative and	<ul> <li>Music that tells a story, paints a picture or creates a mood</li> <li>Music that uses repetition / echo</li> </ul> KEY WORDS STEADY BEAT RHYTHM OSTINATO	MUSICAL ELEMENTS  DURATION Beat (pulse), rhythm, longer, shorter, sustained  TEXTURE Layering of sounds  TEMPO Steady, faster, slower  DYNAMICS Louder, quieter  STRUCTURE Beginning, middle, end, repetition  PITCH Notes moving by step/leap  TIMBRE Sound quality of individual
movement Perform a composed piece to a friendly audience, as a member of a group or class	PITCH PHRASE REPETITION MUSICAL SYMBOLS	instruments

### **YEAR 4: EXPECTED STANDARDS IN MUSIC**

## By the end of Year 4 most pupils should be able to:

PERFORM (Singing/Playing)	EXPLORE and COMPOSE	LISTEN, REFLECT and APPRAISE
Using their voices: Sing songs in a variety of styles with an increasing awareness of the tone of their voices and the shape of the melody Sing songs showing musical expression (phrasing, changes of tempi, dynamics; reflecting the mood and character of the song and its context) Sing two/three part rounds with more confidence and increasing pitch accuracy Sing confidently as part of a small group or solo being aware of posture and good diction. Copy short phrases and be able to sing up and down in step independently.  Jsing instruments: Maintain two or more different ostinato patterns in a small instrumental group against a steady beat Play music that includes RESTS Use tuned percussion instruments with increasing confidence to accompany songs and improvise  Explore: Sounds to create particular effects (timbre) Rhythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Maythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Maythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Mhythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Mhythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Mhythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Mhythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Mhythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Mhythm patterns in music from different times and places (duration)  Mysic that describes feelings or moods using 'tense' or 'calm' sounds using dynamics, different tempi, different timbres etc  Combining and controlling sounds to achieve a desired effect  Music that incorporates effective silences (rests)  Different groupings of beats (metre of 2/3)  Compose:  A simple rhythmic accompaniment to a song using ostinato patterns and drones  A simple melody from a selected group of notes (i.e. a pentatonic scale)	<ul> <li>Listening, Reflecting and Appraising:         <ul> <li>Recognise aurally the range of percussion (tuned and untuned) used in school and some individual orchestral instruments taught in school.</li> <li>Recognise and talk about some contrasting styles of music in broad terms, using appropriate musical language (the tempo, dynamics, metre, texture, timbre)</li> <li>Recognise music from different times and countries indentifying key elements that give it its unique sound.</li> <li>Identify repeated rhythmic or melodic phrases in live or recorded music</li> <li>Identify whether a song has a verse/chorus or call and response structure</li> <li>Identify the use of metre in 2 or 3 in a piece of recorded or live music</li> </ul> </li> <li>Recognise the combined effect of layers of sound by listening to their own arrangements, compositions and recordings.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Play by ear – find known phrases or short melodies using tuned instruments</li> <li>Play music in a metre of two or three time</li> <li>Read and play from some conventional music symbols</li> <li>Combine instrumental playing with narrative and movement</li> <li>Follow a leader, stopping / starting, playing faster/ slower and louder / quieter.</li> <li>Perform to an audience of adults, an assembly or other classes with increasing confidence.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Music that has a recognisable structure</li> <li>A piece of music that reflects images/ and atmosphere, that has a clearly defined plan, making subtle adjustments to achieve the intended effect</li> <li>Arrange a song using tuned and untuned accompaniments developed from the song and perform to a friendly audience</li> <li>Use a range of ICT to sequence, compose, record and share work KEY WORDS</li> <li>OSTINATO DRONE REPETITION METRE RESTSTEP LEAP PHRASE MELODY PENTATONIC TUNED PERCUSSION UNTUNED PERCUSSION</li> </ul>	MUSICAL ELEMENTS  DURATION Metre – the organisation of beats TEXTURE Layers of sound TIMBRE Different instruments/ tone quality PITCH Pentatonic scales STRUCTURE Repetition, verse chorus / call and response, plan METRE The organisation of beats into groups TEMPO The speed of the music

### **YEAR 5: EXPECTED STANDARDS IN MUSIC**

# By the end of year 5 most pupils should be able to:

PERFORM(Singing/Playing)	EXPLORE and COMPOSE	LISTEN, REFLECT and APPRAISE
<ul> <li>Using their voices: <ul> <li>Sing confidently in a wide variety of styles with expression</li> <li>Communicate the meaning and mood of the song</li> <li>Sing a simple second part of a two part song with confidence</li> <li>Maintain own part in a round</li> <li>Perform a song from memory with attention to phrasing, dynamics and accuracy of pitch, for a special occasion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Using instruments: <ul> <li>Perform on a range of instruments in mixed groups to an audience, with confidence</li> <li>Read and play with confidence from conventional or graphic notation</li> <li>Continue to play by ear on pitched instruments, extending the length of phrases, melodies played.</li> <li>Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi</li> <li>Lead/conduct a group of instrumental performers</li> <li>Maintain a rhythmic or melodic accompaniment to a song</li> <li>Maintain own part on a pitched instrument in a</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chords / harmony – concord and discord</li> <li>Scales, such as PENTATONIC, RAG, BLUES</li> <li>Texture created by layering rhythmic and/or melodic ostinatos</li> <li>Developing ideas, using musical devices such as repetition, question and answer, ostinato.</li> <li>Characteristics of various styles, for example, Blues, Rap, Gospel , Folk, African etc</li> <li>Improvising in a variety of styles</li> <li>Compose / Arrange:         <ul> <li>(Always considering the musical elements)</li> <li>Create own simple songs reflecting the meaning of the words</li> <li>Compose music that reflects given intentions, e.g. descriptive music, a rap, a melody with an ostinato accompaniment</li> <li>Arrange a song for class performance with an appropriate pitched and unpitched accompaniment</li> <li>Refine own compositions after discussion</li> <li>Use a range of symbols (conventional or graphic) to record compositions.</li> <li>Use ICT (computers/ipads/tablets/MP3 recorders etc)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Distinguish differences in timbre and texture between a wide variety of instruments and instrumentation</li> <li>Identify and discuss 'what happens when' within simple musical structures</li> <li>Recognise and identify features of expression (phrasing, melody, harmony, different dynamics, metre and tempi) in an extract of live or recorded music</li> <li>Compare two pieces of instrumental music from different countries/ times and discuss the similarities and differences</li> <li>Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to talk about and discuss music from a variety of sources, traditions and cultures, including performances of their own and others' compositions</li> <li>Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to help identify areas for development or refinement when composing</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>small ensemble</li> <li>Perform own compositions to an audience</li> <li>Use an mp3 recoder/video recorder to keep a record of work in progress and record performances.</li> <li>Know what makes a good performance</li> </ul>	to record, sample, sequence, loop and manipulate sound to create soundscapes / compositions  KEY WORDS  RHYTHM,PHRASE,MELODY,HARMONY,OSTINATO, METRE, REPETITION, SCALE, ACCOMPANIMENT, STYLE, EXPRESSION, RECORD, ICT	MUSICAL ELEMENTS  DURATION (beat, rhythm, metre) PITCH(melody, harmony), TEXTURE, TIMBRE, DYNAMICS, STRUCTURE, TEMPO

### YEAR 6: EXPECTED STANDARDS IN MUSIC

# By the end of Year 6 most pupils should be able to:

PERFORM(Singing/Playing)	EXPLORE and COMPOSE	LISTEN, REFLECT and APPRAISE
Using their voices:	Explore:	Listening, Reflecting and Appraising
<ul> <li>Sing confidently in a wide variety of styles with expression</li> <li>Communicate the meaning and mood of the song</li> <li>Sing a simple second part of a two part song with confidence</li> <li>Maintain own part in a round</li> <li>Perform a song from memory with attention to phrasing, dynamics and accuracy of pitch, for a special occasion</li> <li>Using instruments:         <ul> <li>Perform on a range of instruments in mixed groups to an audience, with confidence</li> <li>Read and play with confidence from conventional or graphic notation</li> <li>Continue to play by ear on pitched instruments, extending the length of phrases, melodies played.</li> <li>Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi</li> <li>Lead/conduct a group of instrumental performers</li> <li>Maintain a rhythmic or melodic accompaniment to a song</li> <li>Maintain own part on a pitched instrument in a small ensemble</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chords / harmony – concord and discord</li> <li>Scales, such as PENTATONIC, RAG, BLUES</li> <li>Texture created by layering rhythmic and/or melodic ostinatos</li> <li>Developing ideas, using musical devices such as repetition, question and answer, ostinato.</li> <li>Characteristics of various styles, for example, Blues, Rap, Gospel , Folk, African etc</li> <li>Improvising in a variety of styles</li> <li>Compose / Arrange:         <ul> <li>(Always considering the musical elements)</li> <li>Create own simple songs reflecting the meaning of the words</li> <li>Compose music that reflects given intentions, e.g. descriptive music, a rap, a melody with an ostinato accompaniment</li> <li>Arrange a song for class performance with an appropriate pitched and unpitched accompaniment</li> <li>Refine own compositions after discussion</li> <li>Use a range of symbols (conventional or graphic) to record compositions.</li> <li>Use ICT (computers/ipads/tablets/MP3 recorders etc) to record, sample, sequence, loop and manipulate</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Distinguish differences in timbre and texture between a wide variety of instruments and instrumentation</li> <li>Identify and discuss 'what happens when' within simple musical structures</li> <li>Recognise and identify features of expression (phrasing, melody, harmony, different dynamics, metre and tempi) in an extract of live or recorded music</li> <li>Compare two pieces of instrumental music from different countries/ times and discuss the similarities and differences</li> <li>Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to talk about and discuss music from a variety of sources, traditions and cultures, including performances of their own and others' compositions</li> <li>Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to help identify areas for development or refinement when composing</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Perform own compositions to an audience</li> <li>Use an mp3 recoder/video recorder to keep a record of work in progress and record performances.</li> <li>Know what makes a good performance</li> </ul>	sound to create soundscapes / compositions  KEY WORDS  RHYTHM,PHRASE,MELODY,HARMONY,OSTINATO, METRE, REPETITION, SCALE, ACCOMPANIMENT, STYLE, EXPRESSION, RECORD, ICT	MUSICAL ELEMENTS  DURATION (beat, rhythm, metre) PITCH(melody, harmony), TEXTURE, TIMBRE, DYNAMICS, STRUCTURE, TEMPO